

Basel II

Evaluating the Impact of Current Proposals

Joint Conference ZEW / AEI

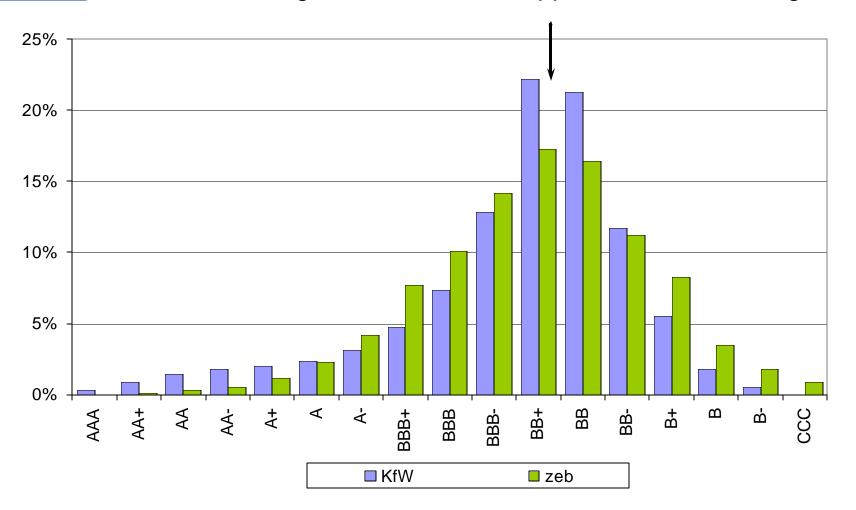
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Kf V bankengruppe

Proposition 1:

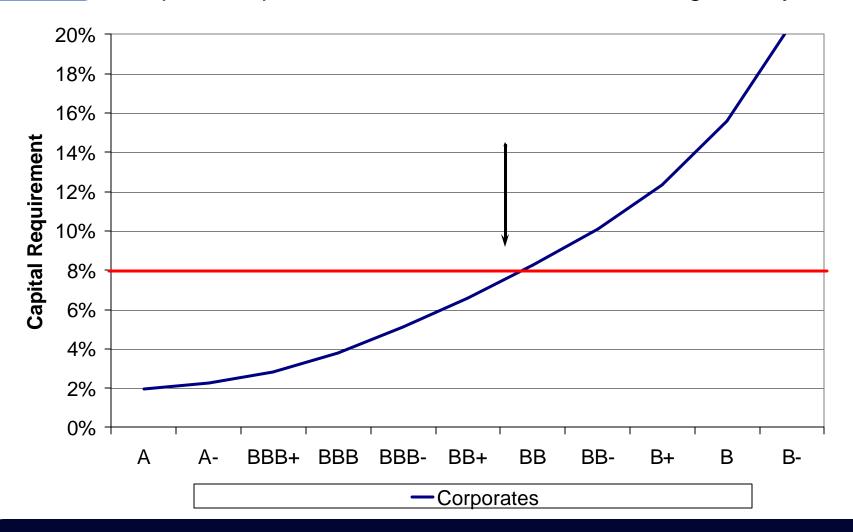
Credit Standing for SMEs is near upper Non-Investmentgrade





Proposition 2:

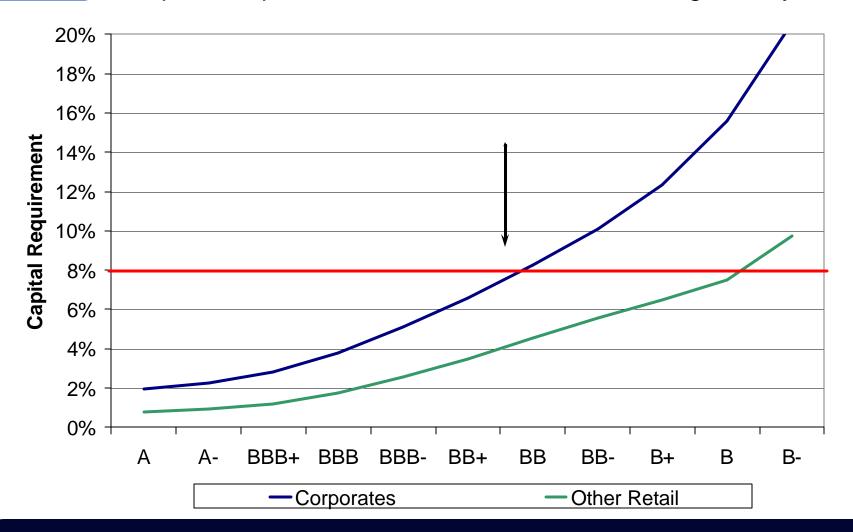
Capital Requirements for Loan Finance will not generally rise





Proposition 2:

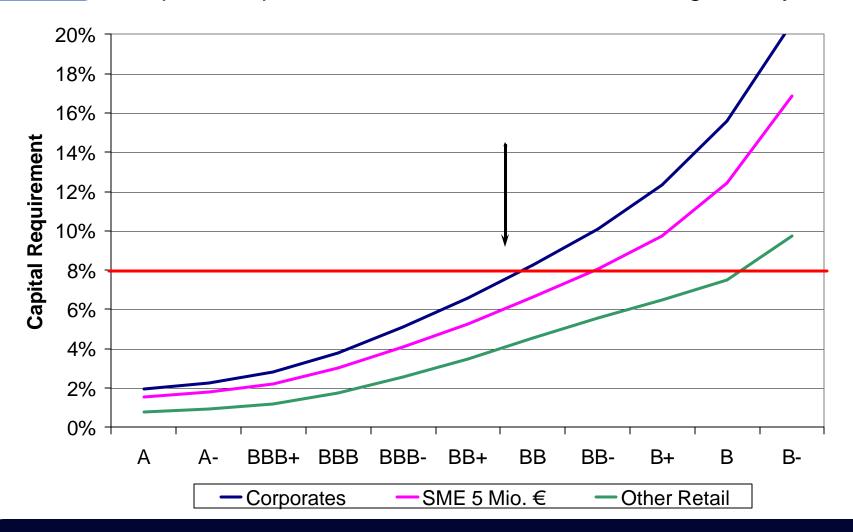
Capital Requirements for Loan Finance will not generally rise





Proposition 2:

Capital Requirements for Loan Finance will not generally rise





Proposition 3:

Increasingly Risk-oriented premiums may have more severe effect on Loan Terms than Basel II Equity Costs

	Average PD	Typical MCR		equity costs (ROE 15%)	Dequity costs
Status Quo		8,00%		1,20%	
Small					
Companies	2,00%	5,54%	(Retail)	0,83%	-0,37%
Medium sized					
Companies	1,20%	7,24%	(SME)	1,09%	-0,11%
Large					
Companies	0,20%	3,60%	(Corporate)	0,54%	-0,66%

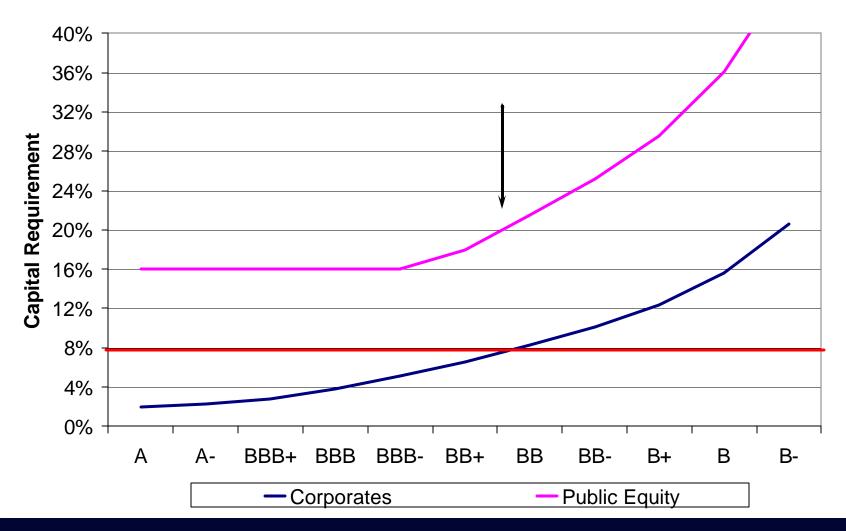
Proposition 3:

Increasingly Risk-oriented premiums may have more severe effect on Loan Terms than Basel II Equity Costs

	Average PD	Typical Segment	D equity costs	Corres- ponding S&P	Risk premium approx. (LGD 50%)
Small					
Companies	2,00%	Retail	-0,37%	BB-	2,10%
Medium sized					
Companies	1,20%	SME	-0,11%	BB	1,00%
Large					
Companies	0,20%	Corporate	-0,66%	BBB	0,20%

Proposition 4:

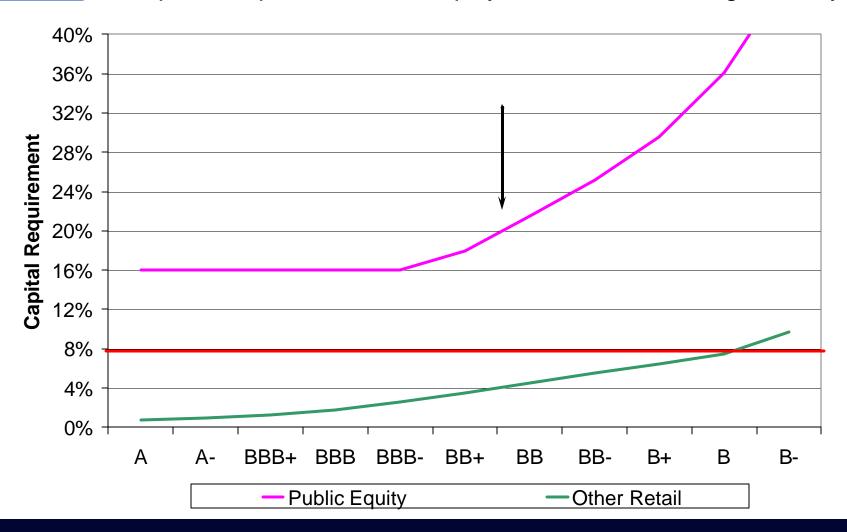
Capital Requirements for Equity Finance will rise significantly





Proposition 4:

Capital Requirements for Equity Finance will rise significantly





Proposition 5:

Basel II may cause problems for certain types of companies

- Rating and transparency will increase within financial relations
- Trend towards risk adjusted pricing / market oriented finance!
 - Shift of the spread curve
- Basel II is part of this trend!
 - Growing importance of indirect effects
- Most of the companies will be able to cope with this trend
- Problems possibly for
 - Companies with poor collateral or credit standing
 - Younger / newly founded retail companies requiring loan capital
 - Larger companies looking for long term finance
 - Companies looking for venture capital from the banking sector
 - Companies unwilling to share information!



Proposition 6:

Basel II challenges Promotional Banks

- Keep promotional loans attractive for companies and increase the banks' willingness to channel loans
- "Streamlined promotion" (standardization, automatization, new "KfW-Mittelstandsbank")
- Transparency for SMEs: rating advice
- Supporting the banks via loan securitization
- Promoting equity and mezzanine capital ("Kapital für Arbeit" Programme)
- Market conformity and risk differentiated conditions ("Kapital für Arbeit" Programme)

Proposition 7:

Companies should take Basel II into account

- ⇒ Position of retreat to "Standardised bank" likely for limited time only
- ⇒ Financing outside the banking sector (venture capital, mezzanine capital, direct access to capital market)
- Optimization of capital structure, corporate processes,...
- Transparency + communication with financial partners, search for rating advice
- Understand Basel II not just as risk, but also as chance!



Proposition 8:

Supervisory Authorities can mitigate adverse effects

- Use scope of national discretion to deal with national particularities
- Careful use of pillar 2 / Supervisory Review Process
- Maximum freedom for banks to develop a consistent risk management strategy
- Assistance for promotional programmes for SME
- Further discussion of treatment of equity finance
 - Retail treatment for small participations?



Proposition 9:

Promotional Banks need political support

- Limited access to information on borrowers resulting from the on-lending principle should be taken into account in operational risk management requirements
- Wide scope of interpretation regarding the eligible "national promotional programmes" in equity financing
- No obstruction of loan securitization



Thank you for your attention!

Dr. Gregor Taistra

Additional Information under www.kfw.de

KfW-Research / aktuelle Themen