



## China Economic Panel (CEP)

// January 2017

Results of the January survey in detail

## Weaker Business Expectations for Chinese Economy

In the most recent January survey (conducted between 3 and 17 January 2017), business expectations for China have declined. The CEP Indicator, which reflects the expectations of international financial market experts regarding China's macroeconomic development over the coming twelve months, has dropped by 10.9 points compared to November 2016 to a current total of minus 5.9 points.

This falls far below the current long-term average of 5.1 points. The assessment of the current economic situation is more positive: at 2.4 points, the corresponding indicator is currently 7.6 points higher compared to November 2016.





A growth rate of 6.5 per cent is currently being predicted for the current year of 2017. This would constitute a decline of 0.2 percentage points compared to the recently published official growth figures for 2016, which record a 6.7 per cent increase in the GDP.

China Economic Panel — January¹¹) 2017

China Economic Panel — January¹¹) 2017

China Economic Panel — January¹¹) 2017

Local Panel Conservably

China Economic Panel — January¹¹) 2017

Local Panel Conservably

China Economic Panel — January¹¹) 2017

Local Panel Panel

figure 1: CEP Indicator January 2017

source: ZEW/Fudan

A further reduction in the annual growth rate by 0.1 percentage points down to 6.4 per cent is expected in 2018.

## **ZEW** China Economic Panel (CEP) January 2017

Although business expectations continued to fluctuate quite markedly over the past year, a downward trend in the responses is nevertheless distinguishable. This trend is reflected in the point forecasts. However, the surveyed experts do not currently seem to see any greater dangers to the Chinese economy, for example resulting from a possible decline in exports. The majority of experts continue to predict an increase in exports over the next six months, and even a greater share of world trade for China. Buoyed by healthy domestic consumption, imports are also expected to continue to increase. The current mood among experts thus seems to be "business as usual".



	ZEW/Fudan C											
Current economic situation		good	go			rmal		ad		bad		lance
China	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	14.6	(- 2.6)	75.6	(+20.4)	9.8	(-17.8)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	2.4	(+ 7.6
JSA	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	58.3	(+26.2)	36.1	(-24.7)	5.6	(- 1.5)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	26.4	(+13.9
Economic expectation (1 Y)	imp			improve				worsen		rsen		lance
China (CEP-Indicator)	2.4	(+2.4)	28.6	(-11.4)	23.8	(- 6.2)	45.2	(+15.2)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	-5.9	(-10.9
GDP (growth rate) in %		2017Q1		2	017Q2			2017			2018	
China		6.6			6.6			6.5			6.4	
JSA		1.2			1.2			1.3			1.4	
Inflation (CPI) in %			3 ma	nths					1)	ear		
China			2.4(2						2.6 (2			
JSA			1.8(1	.6)					2.0 (1	.8)		
nterest rates			3 mo	nths					1)	ear		
SHBOR (3 months)			3.3 (3	.0)					3.3 (3	.0)		
One-year deposit rate			1.5(1	.5)					1.5 (1	.5)		
One-year lending rate			4.4(4	.3)					4.3 (4	.4)		
Stock market indices			3 mo	nths					11	rear		
SSE Composite Index			3.228 (3						3.469 (3	.441)		
lang Seng Index			22.021(2					:	23.369 (2			
Growth Enterprise Market Index (SZ)			1.619 (1	.727)					1.768 (1	.735)		
VTI Crude Oil (US-Dollar)			53 (4						56 (4			
Nonetary aggregate M2 (6 M)	incr	ease	slightly	increase	not c	hange s	lightly	decrease	deci	ease	ba	lance
China M2 growth rate	8.1	(+4.1)	59.5	(-16.5)	16.2	(+ 0.2)	16.2	(+12.2)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)		(-10.
Specific indicators China (1 Y)	incr	ease s	sliahtly	increase	not c	hange s	liahtly	decrease	deci	rease	ba	lance
oreign exchange reserves	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	15.8	(- 0.2)	5.3	(+ 1.3)	52.6	(-19.4)	26.3	(+18.3)	-44.7	(- 8.
DI outflow (out of China)	18.4	(-13.6)	47.4	(+7.4)	15.7	(+ 7.7)	13.2	(- 6.8)	5.3	(+5.3)	30.2	(-11.
DI inflow (into China)	5.3	(+5.3)	36.8	(+ 0.8)	23.7	(+ 3.7)	26.3	(-13.7)	7.9	(+3.9)	2.7	(+ 8.
xport activity	7.9	(+7.9)	50.0	(+7.7)	15.8	(- 7.3)	18.4	(-12.4)	7.9	(+4.1)	15.8	(+13.
n port activity	13.2	(+1.7)	50.0	(+11.5)	21.0	(-2.1)	10.5	(-16.4)	5.3	(+5.3)	27.7	(+10.
omestic consumption	18.4	(+6.9)	52.6	(- 8.9)	26.4	(+18.6)	2.6	(-16.6)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	43.4	(+10.
imployment rate	0.0	(-4.0)	18.4	(- 1.6)	63.2	(+15.2)	18.4	(- 9.6)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	0.0	(+ <i>F</i> 0
Growth rate of new car registrations	5.6	(-2.4)	69.4	(+21.4)	19.4	(- 0.6)	5.6	(-18.4)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	37.5	(+17.
Total share of world trade	5.4	(+1.2)	51.4	(+18.1)	21.6	(-11.7)	21.6	(- 3.4)	0.0	(-4.2)	20.3	(+16.
Exchange rates	0.4	(. 1.2)	3 mc	` /	21.0	(-11.7)	21.0	(*0.4)		ear	20.0	(110.
fuan / US-Dollar			6.99(6						7.12 (7			
JS-Dollar / Euro			1.04 (1						1.04 (1			
Sectors (1 Y)	incr	9369		increase	not c	hange s	lightly	decrease	,	ease	ha	lance
Retail banking	3.3	(- 2.0)	63.3	(+26.5)	16.8	(-20.0)	13.3	(- 7.8)	3.3	(+3.3)	25.0	(+11.
estment banking	12.9	(+7.6)	71.0	(- 2.7)	6.4	(-4.1)	6.5	(-4.0)	3.2	(+3.2)	42.0	(+ 5.
nsurance	35.5	(+9.2)	51.6	(-11.6)	3.2	(+3.2)	9.7	(- 0.8)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	56.5	(+ 3.
utomotive	9.7	(-0.3)	61.3	(+16.3)	16.1	(-13.9)	9.7	(- 5.3)	3.2	(+3.2)	32.3	(+ 7.
Chemical / Pharmaceutical	10.0	(-5.0)	56.7	(-3.3)	20.0	(+/- 0.0)	13.3	(+8.3)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	31.7	(-10.
Machinery / Engineering	10.0	(-5.0)	46.7	(+6.7)	26.6	(+ 6.6)	16.7	(- 3.3)	0.0	(-5.0)	25.0	(+ 5.
Electronics	16.1	(-13.9)	54.8	(+ 9.8)	19.4	(+ 4.4)	9.7	(- 0.3)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	38.7	(- 8.1
Retail and commerce	9.7	(- 0.8)	54.8	(+ 2.2)	25.8	(+10.0)	9.7	(-11.4)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	32.3	(+ 6.
Construction	9.7	(-0.3)	29.0	(-16.0)	35.4	(+20.4)	19.4	(- 5.6)	6.5	(+ 1.5)	8.0	(- 7.0
Energy	6.5	(-14.6)	41.9	(+5.1)	38.7	(+17.7)	12.9	(- 8.2)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	21.0	(- 8.1
nformation Technology	45.2	(+3.1)	45.2	(-2.2)	6.4	(+ 1.2)	3.2	(- 2.1)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	66.2	(+ 3.
ervices	38.7	(+7.1)	45.2	(-7.4)	9.6	(- 0.9)	6.5	(+1.2)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	58.1	(+ 2.
conomic expectation (1 Y)				improve				worsen		rsen		alance
reiling	9.7	(+9.7)	54.8	(-10.2)	25.8	(+5.8)	9.7	(- 5.3)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	32.3	(+ 7.
Changhai	9.7	(+4.7)	74.2	(+4.2)	6.4	(+ 1.4)	9.7	(-10.3)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	42.0	(+12
long Kong	9.4	(+9.4)	25.0	(-15.0)	37.5	(+12.5)	28.1	(- 6.9)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	7.9	(+ 5.
ong Kong Guangzhou	19.4	(+4.4)	45.2	(+ 5.2)	22.5	(+12.5) (-17.5)	12.9	(+ 7.9)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	35.6	(+ 3.
uangznou henzhen	19.4	(+4.4)	45.2 45.2	(+ 5.2) (- 9.8)	9.6	(-17.5) (-0.4)	6.5	(+ 7.9) (- 3.5)	0.0	(+/- 0.0) (+/- 0.0)	58.1	(+10
anjin	12.9	(+2.9)	48.4	(+3.4)	25.8	(+10.8)	12.9	(-17.1)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	30.7	(+13
	12.9 25.8	(+ 2.9) (+ 5.8)	41.9	(+ 3.4) (- 3.1)	16.2	(+10.8)	16.1	(+ 6.1)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	38.7	(+13.
hongging								. ,		1 /1		
	incr			increase				decrease		ease		lance
chongqing Real estate price expectation (1 Y)			47.1	(+12.1)	20.5	(-14.5)	20.6	(+5.6)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	25.1	(+ 0.
teal estate price expectation (1 Y)	11.8	(- 3.2)										(+11.
teal estate price expectation (1 Y) eijing changhal	11.8 11.8	(- 3.2)	55.9	(+20.9)	14.7	(-10.3)	17.6	(-7.4)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	31.0	,
teal estate price expectation (1 Y) eijing hanghai long Kong	11.8 11.8 9.1	(- 3.2) (- 0.9)	55.9 33.3	(+8.3)	21.3	(- 3.7)	33.3	(- 1.7)	3.0	(- 2.0)	6.1	(+ 6.
eal estate price expectation (1 Y) eijing hanghai long Kong kuangzhou	11.8 11.8 9.1 9.4	(- 3.2) (- 0.9) (- 0.6)	55.9 33.3 40.6	(+ 8.3) (+ 5.6)	21.3 31.2	(- 3.7) (- 3.8)	33.3 18.8	(- 1.7) (- 1.2)	3.0 0.0	(- 2.0) (+/- 0.0)	6.1 20.3	(+ 6. (+ 2.
eal estate price expectation (1 Y) eijing hanghai long Kong uangzhou henzhen	11.8 11.8 9.1 9.4 12.1	(- 3.2) (- 0.9) (- 0.6) (+ 2.1)	55.9 33.3 40.6 39.4	(+ 8.3) (+ 5.6) (+ 4.4)	21.3 31.2 18.2	(- 3.7) (- 3.8) (- 6.8)	33.3 18.8 27.3	(- 1.7) (- 1.2) (- 2.7)	3.0 0.0 3.0	(+ 2.0) (+/- 0.0) (+ 3.0)	6.1 20.3 15.2	(+ 6. (+ 2. (+ 2.
	11.8 11.8 9.1 9.4	(- 3.2) (- 0.9) (- 0.6)	55.9 33.3 40.6	(+ 8.3) (+ 5.6)	21.3 31.2	(- 3.7) (- 3.8)	33.3 18.8	(- 1.7) (- 1.2)	3.0 0.0	(+ 2.0) (+/- 0.0) (+ 3.0) (+/- 0.0)	6.1 20.3	(+ 6. (+ 2. (+ 2. (+ 1. (+16.

Note. 42 analysts participated in the January survey, which was conducted during the period 1/3-117/2017. The analysts were asked about their expectations for the resorted time horizons (Y = year, M = month). Numbers displayed are percentages in case of directional forecasts (change compared to the November 2016 survey in parentheses) and numerical values in case of point forecasts (results of the November 2016 survey in parentheses). Balances refer to the weighted distributions from positive and negative assessments.