Co-Financing programmes (VC and Business Angel) using Public Money via Private Investment Intermediaries

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What we Do

- Using Public Money as an Incentive (RE)
 - UK High Technology Fund
 - Regional Venture Capital Funds
 - Bridges Community Development Venture
 Fund
 - Enterprise Capital Funds
- Using Public Money pari-passu (Ken Cooper)

Why We Do It

- To stimulate a private market providing venture capital, where that market either does not exist or is sub-optimal.
- Primary Objectives are NOT to:
 - Further regional development
 - Stimulate regeneration
 - Provide support to SME
 - Address broad social needs
 - Other externalities (employment growth, tax income etc')
- These things will result from successful VC investment

UK High Technology Fund

- Fund of Funds (9 underlying funds)
- £20 million UK Government
- £86.1 million private investors
- UK Government subordinated
- Few investment restrictions

Regional Venture Capital Funds

- One in each Economic Region of England (9)
- £75 million UK Government
- £50 million EIF
- £125 million private investors
- UK Government heavily subordinated
- Very tight investment criteria

 Bridges Community Development Venture Fund

- Focused on 25% most deprived areas
- £20 million UK Government, £20 million private
- Structured as 2 funds to minimise state aid restrictions
- UK Government partially subordinated

Enterprise Capital Funds

- Derived from US SBIC programme
- UK Government provides leverage up to 67%
- Preferred return (Gilt rate ~ 4.5% p.a.)
- Limited profit share
- £200 million budget

Characteristics

- All use private sector managers
- All have incentives to maximise financial performance
- All are actively managed in line with industry best practice
- All are expected to perform to their maximum potential

Predicting Performance

"In my portfolio of 20 investments, I can tell you that 12 will definitely make money. I just can't tell you which 12!"

A renowned US Venture Capitalist

Predicting Performance

- Fund performance is:
 - Anticipated with excitement when the fund is young (0-3 years)
 - Evident when the fund is maturing (7-10 years)
 - Absolute when the fund matures (10-12 years)
 - Terrifyingly uncertain in the J-curve dip (3-7 years)

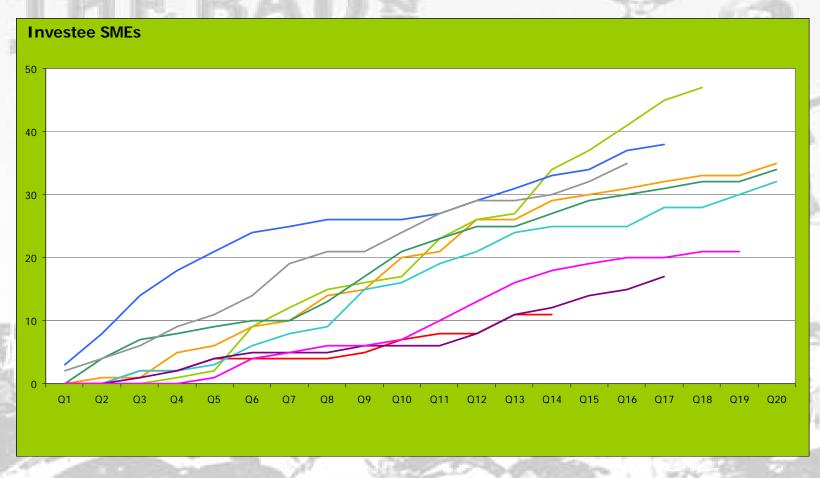
Predicting Performance

- Can early measures predict relative performance?
- If so, how will my portfolio of 24 funds perform?
- We know EU VC fund performance can vary dramatically (-90% to + 250% IRRs)
- So fair to say my portfolio will vary and will contain





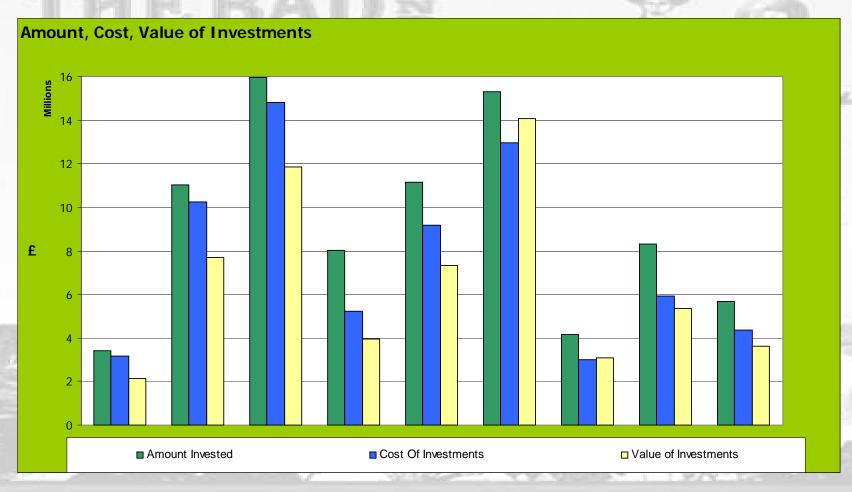
Investment Rate



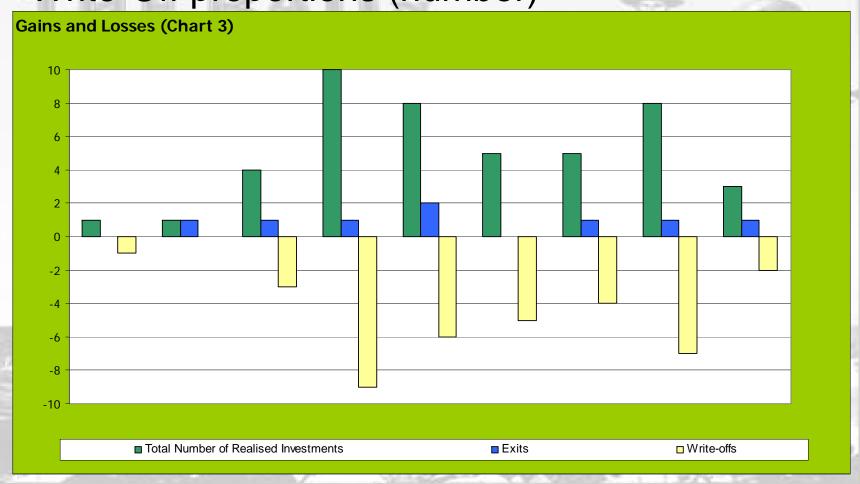
• Investment Rate (2)



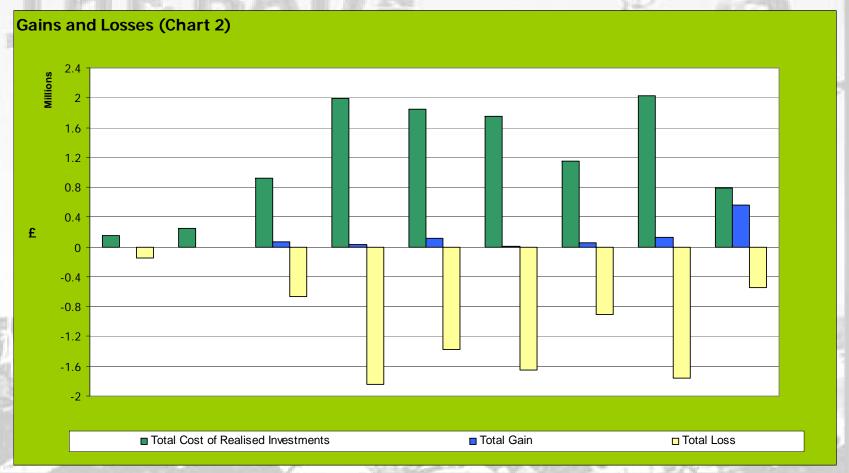
Valuation



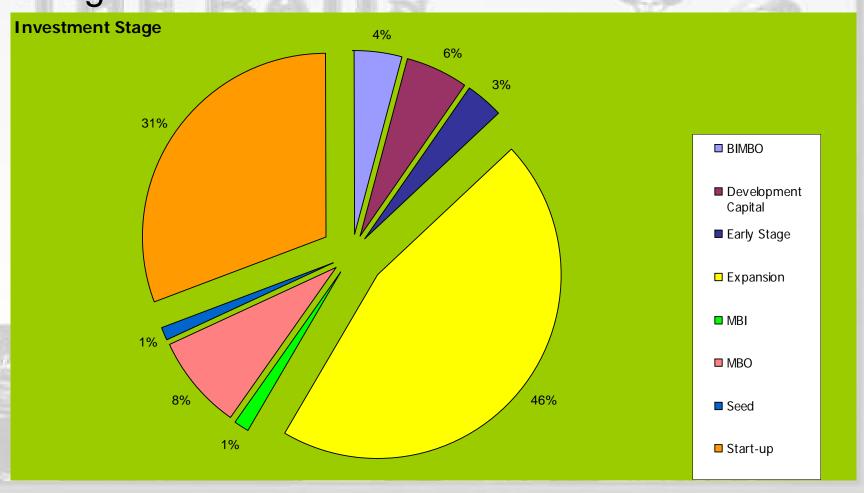
Write-Off proportions (number)



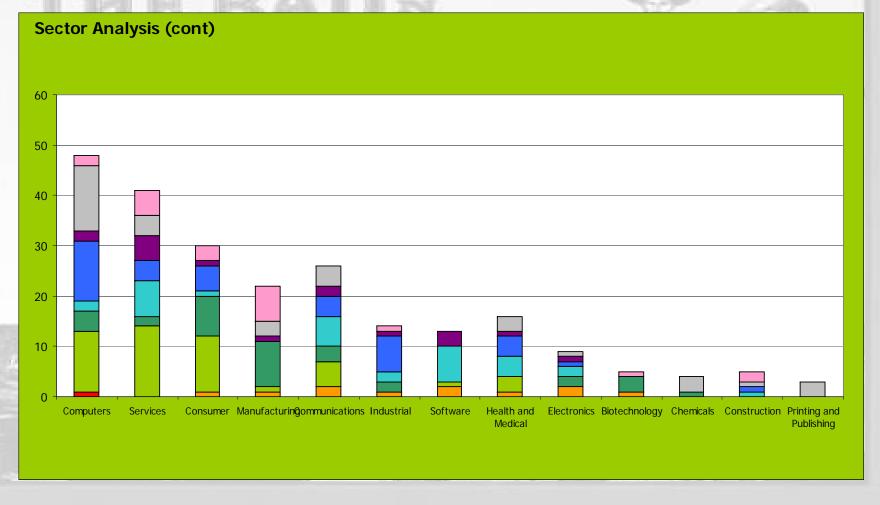
Write-off proportions (value)



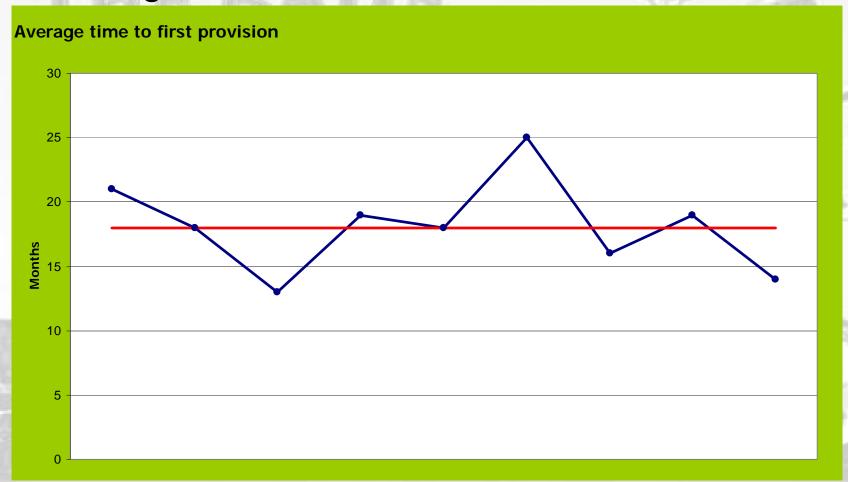
Stage of Investment



Sector of Investments



Average Time to first Provision



Cost per £ Invested

