



China Economic Panel (CEP)

// October 2020

Results of the October survey in detail

Outlook for Chinese Economy Remains Very Positive

CEP Indicator Rises to 50.0 Points

In the October survey (6 – 14 October 2020), the CEP indicator rose by 5.6 points to a new level of 50.0 points. This marks a new record high of the indicator since the survey began in mid-2013. Although the increase is slightly lower than in the previous month, when the indicator jumped by 18.3 points, optimism regarding the Chinese economy is still growing quite strongly.

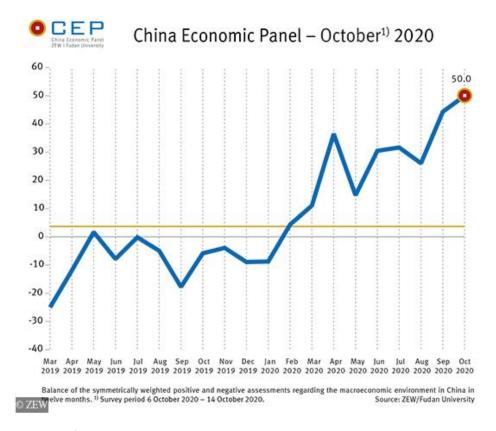
The CEP indicator, based on the China Economic Panel (CEP) in cooperation with Fudan University, Shanghai, reflects the economic expectations of international financial market experts for China on a 12-month basis.





The assessment of the current economic situation also continues to improve, with the corresponding indicator currently standing at 5.9 points, 4.0 points higher than in September.

figure 1: CEP Indicator October 2020



source: ZEW/Fudan

"It is striking that by now 84 per cent of the experts assume that the economy will improve either slightly or even strongly. In the previous month, this figure was still at just under 70 per cent," says Dr. Michael Schröder, researcher in the "International Finance and Financial Management" Research Department at ZEW Mannheim.

ZEW

Pre-COVID-19 growth path not before 2022

However, experts no longer expect the economy to improve as strongly as they still thought in September 2020. The growth forecast for real gross domestic product (GDP) for the current year is 1.9 per cent, compared with 2.7 per cent in the previous month. The forecast for 2021 has also been revised downwards by one percentage point from 5.7 per cent (September survey) to currently 4.7 per cent. "Although this would still be a great success for the country hit by the coronavirus crisis, growth of 4.7 per cent would be well below the level of six to 6.7 per cent that China is normally used to. According to the experts, the pre-COVID-19 growth path will therefore not be reached again until 2022," Michael Schröder explains.

Growth expectations for Shenzhen increase at the expense of Hong Kong

With regard to the expectations for the development of the most important economic regions, it is striking that the figures for Hong Kong remain strongly in negative territory at minus 36.9 points. In contrast, growth expectations for the city and region of Shenzhen, which is located on the mainland opposite Hong Kong, are at 39.5 points, an increase of 7.7 points compared to the previous month. "The experts apparently assume that the Chinese government will continue to promote Shenzhen as southern China's economic hub at the expense of Hong Kong," says Schröder.



	ZEW/Fudan C		onomic	Panel: Re	esults C	ctober 2						
Current economic situation		good		od	nor			ad		bad		lance
China -	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	30.8	(+4.9)	53.9	(+ 2.0)	11.5	(-10.7)	3.8	(+ 3.8)	5.9	(+4.0)
Eurozone JSA	0.0 0.0	(- 4.0) (+/- 0.0)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	15.4	(- 4.6)	69.2 64.0	(+1.2)	15.4 12.0		-50.0	(-12.0)
				(+/- 0.0)	24.0	(+4.0)		(+16.0)		(-20.0)		(+12.0)
Economic expectation (1 Y) China (CEP-Indicator)	28.0	(+ 2.1)	56.0	(+11.6)	8.0	nange (-18.0)	4.0	worsen (+ 4.0)	4.0	(+ 0.3)	50.0	(+ 5.6)
GDP (growth rate) in %		2020Q4	30.0	. ,	021Q1	(-10.0)	4.0	2020	4.0	(+ 0.5)	2021	(+ 3.0)
China		3.4			6.4			1.9			4.7	
Eurozone		-8.3			-4.3			-8.6			0.0	
USA		-5.1			-3.4			-6.4			0.6	
Inflation (CPI) in %			3 mc	onths					1 v	ear		
China			2.4 (2						2.8 (2.			
Eurozone			-0.1 (0	.1)					0.4 (0.			
USA			1.0 (1	1)					1.5 (1.	6)		
Wage Inflation in %			3 mc	onths					1 y	ear		
China			4.0 (4	3)					4.3 (4.	6)		
Eurozone			3.1 (2						3.0 (2.			
USA			0.4 (-0	,					1.5 (2.	1)		
Interest rates				onths						ear		
SHBOR (3 months)			2.8 (2						2.8 (2.			
One-year deposit rate			3.1 (2						3.0 (2.			
One-year lending rate			4.3 (4						4.3 (4.	,		
Stock market indices				onths						ear		
SSE Composite Index Hang Seng Index			3.254 (3 24.238 (2						.3.392 (3 24.754 (2			
Growth Enterprise Market Index (SZ)			2.587 (2						2.671 (2.			
WTI Crude Oil (US-Dollar)			41 (4						43 (4			
Monetary aggregate M2 (6 M)	incr	ease	•	increase	not ch	nange s	sliahtly	decrease	,	ease	ba	lance
China M2 growth rate	16.7	(+ 8.4)	66.7	(+/- 0.0)	5.5	(- 2.9)	11.1	(+ 2.8)	0.0	(- 8.3)		(+15.3)
Specific indicators China (1 Y)	incr	ease	sliahtly	increase	not ch		sliahtly	decrease	decr	ease	ba	lance
Foreign exchange reserves	10.5	(+10.5)	36.8	(-17.4)	21.1	(+4.4)	15.8	(- 5.0)	15.8	(+ 7.5)	5.2	(- 3.2)
FDI outflow (out of China)	5.3	(- 3.0)	36.8	(+3.5)	5.2	(-19.8)	31.6	(+14.9)	21.1	(+ 4.4)	-13.2	(-13.1)
FDI inflow (into China)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	36.8	(- 9.0)	26.3	(+9.6)	15.8	(- 9.2)	21.1	(+ 8.6)	-10.6	(- 8.5)
Export activity	19.0	(+ 6.5)	28.6	(-21.4)	9.6	(+5.5)	33.3	(+4.1)	9.5	(+ 5.3)	7.2	(-11.5)
Import activity	5.0	(- 3.3)	45.0	(- 9.2)	10.0	(+ 1.7)	30.0	(+13.3)	10.0	(- 2.5)	2.5	(-12.1)
Private Consumption	19.0	(+ 7.0)	38.1	(-13.9)	23.9	(+11.9)	9.5	(- 6.5)	9.5	(+ 1.5)	23.8	(+ 1.8)
Private Investment Govt. Consumption	4.8 33.3	(- 7.2) (-14.7)	38.1 57.1	(+ 2.1) (+17.1)	19.0 4.8	(+ 3.0) (+ 0.8)	23.8 0.0	(+ 3.8) (- 4.0)	14.3 4.8	(- 1.7) (+ 0.8)	-2.4 57.1	(- 6.4)
Debt Domestic	35.0	(- 5.0)	50.0	(+2.0)	10.0	(- 2.0)	5.0	(+ 5.0)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	57.5	(- 4.9) (- 6.5)
Debt Foreign	15.8	(+ 7.8)	31.6	(- 0.4)	21.0	(-23.0)	31.6	(+19.6)	0.0	(- 4.0)	15.8	(+ 1.8)
Employment rate	5.0	(-11.0)	40.0	(+20.0)	10.0	(- 2.0)	40.0	(+/- 0.0)	5.0	(- 7.0)	0.0	(+ 6.0)
Growth rate of new car registrations	10.0	(-10.0)	40.0	(+4.0)	35.0	(+19.0)	10.0	(-14.0)	5.0	(+ 1.0)	20.0	(- 2.0)
Total share of world trade	21.1	(+ 0.3)	21.1	(-16.4)	21.0	(+12.7)	26.3	(- 2.9)	10.5	(+ 6.3)	8.0	(-12.8)
Exchange rates			3 mc	onths					1 y	ear		
Yuan / US-Dollar			6.83 (6						6.97 (6.			
Yuan / Euro			7.96 (8	15)					8.09 (8.	18)		
Sectors (1 Y)	incr	ease	slightly	increase	not ch	nange s	slightly	decrease	decr	ease	ba	lance
Retail banking	10.5	(+ 1.4)	47.4	(- 2.6)	21.1	(+2.9)	10.5	(- 3.1)	10.5	(+ 1.4)	18.5	(+ 0.3)
hvestment banking	10.5	(- 7.7)	47.4	(+11.0)	15.8	(-11.4)	15.8	(+6.7)	10.5	(+ 1.4)	15.8	(- 7.0)
hsurance	15.8	(- 2.4)	47.4	(+6.5)	5.2	(-26.6)	26.3	(+17.2)	5.3	(+ 5.3)	21.1	(-13.0)
Automotive	10.5	(-7.7)	31.6	(-13.9)	26.3	(+12.7)	26.3	(+3.6)	5.3	(+ 5.3)	7.9	(-21.7)
Chemical / Pharmaceutical Machinery / Engineering	15.8 26.3	(-11.5) (-5.5)	63.1 26.3	(+13.1) (+ 8.1)	0.0 26.3	(-18.2) (- 5.6)	15.8 15.8	(+11.3) (+ 2.2)	5.3 5.3	(+ 5.3) (+ 0.8)	34.2 26.3	(-15.9)
Machinery / Engineering Electronics	26.3	(- 5.5) (- 1.0)	31.6	(+ 8.1) (- 0.2)	21.0	(- 5.6) (- 6.3)	21.1	(+ 2.2) (+ 7.5)	0.0	(+ 0.8) (+/- 0.0)	31.6	(- 3.3) (- 4.8)
Retail and commerce	21.1	(+ 8.1)	42.1	(- 1.4)	15.7	(- 6.1)	15.8	(+ 2.8)	5.3	(- 3.4)	29.0	(+ 9.4)
Construction	15.8	(- 6.9)	47.4	(+11.0)	26.3	(+ 3.6)	10.5	(- 7.7)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	34.3	(+ 2.5)
Energy	21.1	(+ 7.5)	31.6	(-13.9)	15.7	(-16.1)	26.3	(+17.2)	5.3	(+ 5.3)	18.5	(-13.3)
Information Technology	26.3	(-10.1)	57.9	(+21.5)	0.0	(-18.1)	15.8	(+6.7)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	47.4	(- 2.7)
Services	26.3	(- 1.0)	36.8	(-4.1)	10.5	(- 7.7)	21.1	(+7.5)	5.3	(+ 5.3)	28.9	(-12.1)
Economic expectation (1 Y)	imp	rove	slightly	improve	not ch	nange	slightly	worsen	now	sen	ba	lance
	15.8	(+ 6.7)	31.6	(-13.9)	21.0	(- 1.7)	31.6	(+ 8.9)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	15.8	(- 4.7)
Beijing			31.6	(- 4.8)	10.5	(-16.8)	26.3	(+12.7)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)		(+ 0.2)
Shanghai	31.6	(+ 8.9)		2		(+2.0)	47.4	(+15.6)	21.1	(-10.7)		(- 0.5)
Shanghai Hong Kong	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	15.8	(- 6.9)	15.7		04.0	/				(- 2.4)
Shanghai Hong Kong Guangzhou	0.0 15.8	(+/- 0.0) (- 2.4)	15.8 31.6	(- 0.2)	21.0	(+2.8)	31.6	(- 0.2)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	15.8	
Shanghai Hong Kong Guangzhou Shenzhen	0.0 15.8 26.3	(+/- 0.0) (- 2.4) (+ 3.6)	15.8 31.6 42.1	(- 0.2) (+10.3)	21.0 15.8	(+ 2.8) (-16.1)	15.8	(+2.2)	0.0	(+/- 0.0)	39.5	(+7.7)
Shanghai Hong Kong Guangzhou Shenzhen Tianjin	0.0 15.8 26.3 16.7	(+/- 0.0) (- 2.4) (+ 3.6) (+16.7)	15.8 31.6 42.1 22.2	(- 0.2) (+10.3) (- 9.6)	21.0 15.8 22.2	(+ 2.8) (-16.1) (- 5.1)	15.8 16.7	(+ 2.2) (-10.6)	0.0 22.2	(+/- 0.0) (+ 8.6)	39.5 -2.8	(+8.6)
Shanghai Hong Kong Quangzhou Shenzhen Tianjin Chongqing	0.0 15.8 26.3 16.7 22.2	(+/- 0.0) (- 2.4) (+ 3.6) (+16.7) (+13.1)	15.8 31.6 42.1 22.2 22.2	(- 0.2) (+10.3) (- 9.6) (- 5.1)	21.0 15.8 22.2 33.4	(+ 2.8) (-16.1) (- 5.1) (- 2.9)	15.8 16.7 11.1	(+ 2.2) (-10.6) (- 7.1)	0.0 22.2 11.1	(+/- 0.0) (+ 8.6) (+ 2.0)	39.5 -2.8 16.7	(+ 8.6) (+12.1)
Shanghai Hong Kong Guangzhou Shenzhen Tianjin Chongqing Real estate price expectation (1 Y)	0.0 15.8 26.3 16.7 22.2 incr	(+/- 0.0) (- 2.4) (+ 3.6) (+16.7) (+13.1)	15.8 31.6 42.1 22.2 22.2 slightly	(- 0.2) (+10.3) (- 9.6) (- 5.1)	21.0 15.8 22.2 33.4 not cl	(+ 2.8) (-16.1) (- 5.1) (- 2.9)	15.8 16.7 11.1 slightly	(+ 2.2) (-10.6) (- 7.1) decrease	0.0 22.2 11.1 decr	(+/- 0.0) (+ 8.6) (+ 2.0)	39.5 -2.8 16.7	(+ 8.6) (+12.1) lance
Shanghai Hong Kong Guangzhou Shenzhen Tianjin Chongqing Real estate price expectation (1 Y) Beljing	0.0 15.8 26.3 16.7 22.2 incr 10.5	(+/- 0.0) (- 2.4) (+ 3.6) (+16.7) (+13.1) ease (+ 1.4)	15.8 31.6 42.1 22.2 22.2 slightly 36.8	(- 0.2) (+10.3) (- 9.6) (- 5.1) increase (+ 5.0)	21.0 15.8 22.2 33.4 not ch	(+ 2.8) (-16.1) (- 5.1) (- 2.9) nange (-19.1)	15.8 16.7 11.1 slightly 26.3	(+ 2.2) (-10.6) (- 7.1) decrease (+17.2)	0.0 22.2 11.1 decr	(+/- 0.0) (+ 8.6) (+ 2.0) ease (- 4.5)	39.5 -2.8 16.7 b a	(+ 8.6) (+12.1) lance (- 0.2)
Shanghai Hong Kong Quangzhou Shenzhen Tianjin Chongging Real estate price expectation (1 Y) Beijing Shanghai	0.0 15.8 26.3 16.7 22.2 incr 10.5 21.1	(+/- 0.0) (- 2.4) (+ 3.6) (+16.7) (+13.1) ease (+ 1.4) (+ 7.5)	15.8 31.6 42.1 22.2 22.2 slightly 36.8 36.8	(- 0.2) (+10.3) (- 9.6) (- 5.1) increase (+ 5.0) (+ 5.0)	21.0 15.8 22.2 33.4 not cl 26.4 26.3	(+ 2.8) (-16.1) (- 5.1) (- 2.9) nange (-19.1) (-10.2)	15.8 16.7 11.1 slightly 26.3 15.8	(+ 2.2) (-10.6) (- 7.1) decrease (+17.2) (+ 2.2)	0.0 22.2 11.1 decr 0.0 0.0	(+/- 0.0) (+ 8.6) (+ 2.0) ease (- 4.5) (- 4.5)	39.5 -2.8 16.7 ba 15.8 31.6	(+ 8.6) (+12.1) lance (- 0.2) (+13.4)
Shanghai Hong Kong Guangzhou Shenzhen Tianjin Chongqing Real estate price expectation (1 Y) Beljing Shanghai Hong Kong	0.0 15.8 26.3 16.7 22.2 incr 10.5 21.1 5.3	(+/- 0.0) (- 2.4) (+ 3.6) (+16.7) (+13.1) ease (+ 1.4) (+ 7.5) (+ 5.3)	15.8 31.6 42.1 22.2 22.2 slightly 36.8 36.8 26.3	(- 0.2) (+10.3) (- 9.6) (- 5.1) increase (+ 5.0) (+ 5.0) (- 1.0)	21.0 15.8 22.2 33.4 not ch 26.4 26.3 10.5	(+ 2.8) (-16.1) (- 5.1) (- 2.9) nange (-19.1) (-10.2) (- 3.1)	15.8 16.7 11.1 slightly 26.3 15.8 36.8	(+ 2.2) (-10.6) (- 7.1) decrease (+17.2) (+ 2.2) (- 8.7)	0.0 22.2 11.1 decr 0.0 0.0 21.1	(+/- 0.0) (+ 8.6) (+ 2.0) ease (- 4.5)	39.5 -2.8 16.7 ba 15.8 31.6 -21.1	(+ 8.6) (+12.1) lance (- 0.2) (+13.4) (+ 1.6)
Shanghai Hong Kong Guangzhou Shenzhen Tianjin Chongqing Real estate price expectation (1 Y)	0.0 15.8 26.3 16.7 22.2 incr 10.5 21.1	(+/- 0.0) (- 2.4) (+ 3.6) (+16.7) (+13.1) ease (+ 1.4) (+ 7.5) (+ 5.3) (+ 5.3)	15.8 31.6 42.1 22.2 22.2 slightly 36.8 36.8	(- 0.2) (+10.3) (- 9.6) (- 5.1) increase (+ 5.0) (+ 5.0)	21.0 15.8 22.2 33.4 not cl 26.4 26.3	(+ 2.8) (-16.1) (- 5.1) (- 2.9) nange (-19.1) (-10.2)	15.8 16.7 11.1 slightly 26.3 15.8	(+ 2.2) (-10.6) (- 7.1) decrease (+17.2) (+ 2.2)	0.0 22.2 11.1 decr 0.0 0.0	(+/- 0.0) (+ 8.6) (+ 2.0) ease (- 4.5) (- 4.5) (+ 7.5) (+/- 0.0)	39.5 -2.8 16.7 ba 15.8 31.6	(+ 8.6) (+12.1) lance (- 0.2) (+13.4) (+ 1.6) (+10.9)
Shanghai Hong Kong Guangzhou Shenzhen Tianjin Chongqing Real estate price expectation (1 Y) Beijing Shanghai Hong Kong Guangzhou	0.0 15.8 26.3 16.7 22.2 incr 10.5 21.1 5.3	(+/- 0.0) (- 2.4) (+ 3.6) (+16.7) (+13.1) ease (+ 1.4) (+ 7.5) (+ 5.3)	15.8 31.6 42.1 22.2 22.2 slightly 36.8 36.8 26.3 36.8	(- 0.2) (+10.3) (- 9.6) (- 5.1) increase (+ 5.0) (+ 5.0) (- 1.0) (+ 9.5)	21.0 15.8 22.2 33.4 not el 26.4 26.3 10.5 36.8	(+ 2.8) (-16.1) (- 5.1) (- 2.9) nange (-19.1) (-10.2) (- 3.1) (-13.2)	15.8 16.7 11.1 slightly 26.3 15.8 36.8 21.1	(+2.2) (-10.6) (-7.1) decrease (+17.2) (+2.2) (-8.7) (-1.6)	0.0 22.2 11.1 decr 0.0 0.0 21.1 0.0	(+/- 0.0) (+ 8.6) (+ 2.0) eatse (- 4.5) (- 4.5) (+ 7.5)	39.5 -2.8 16.7 ba 15.8 31.6 -21.1 13.2	(+ 8.6) (+12.1) lance (- 0.2) (+13.4) (+ 1.6)

Note: 28 analysts participated in the October survey, which was conducted during the period 10/6-10/14/2020. The analysts were asked about their expectations for the respective time horizons (Y = year, M = month). Numbers displayed are percentages in case of directional forecasts (change compared to previous survey in parentheses) and numerical values in case of point forecasts (results of previous survey in parentheses). Balances refer to the weighted distributions from positive and negative assessments.